

How to calculate cutting length in bar bending schedule? - Numerical

In this article, I am going to explain how to calculate cutting length in bar bending schedule for steel of different types of structure.

Bar Bending of steel is an estimation of the cutting of steel. I have summarised in the previous article. If you have not read, then read here.

Complete Bar Bending Schedule for Different Structure (Free e-Book)

Steps involved in finding the cutting length

1. First of writing the dimension of the structure.
2. Note down the diameter of steel bars for which cutting length is to be calculated.
3. Now, deduct the concrete cover or clear cover to get the actual length of perimeter bars.
4. Calculate the length of the hook of the bars.
5. Calculate the bend length of steel bars.
6. Add step 3 and 4 and subtract step 5 from it.
7. It will gives you total cutting length of steel bars.

General Formula to calculate cutting length of any steel bars:

Cutting Length of bars = Perimeter of Shape + Total hook length – Total Bend Length

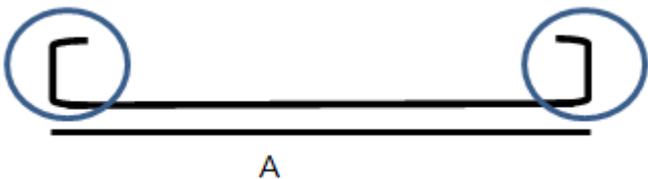
Standards value of Bends & Hooks used in construction

- 1 Hook length = $9d$ or 75mm
- 45° Bend length = $1d$
- 90° Bend length = $2d$
- 135° Bend length = $3d$

Remember, d = Diameter of Bar

how to calculate cutting length in bar bending schedule?

1) Cutting length of the main bar with hook



Circled part is known as Hook whose length is $9d$.

Length of hook = $9d$, where d is the diameter

Cutting length = $A + 2 \times (9d - 2 \times 2d) = 7d$

$2d$ is subtracted to for bending of a steel rod at 90° . There are two bends in one hook length so, multiply it by two.

On-Site



2) Cutting length of the main bar with bend:

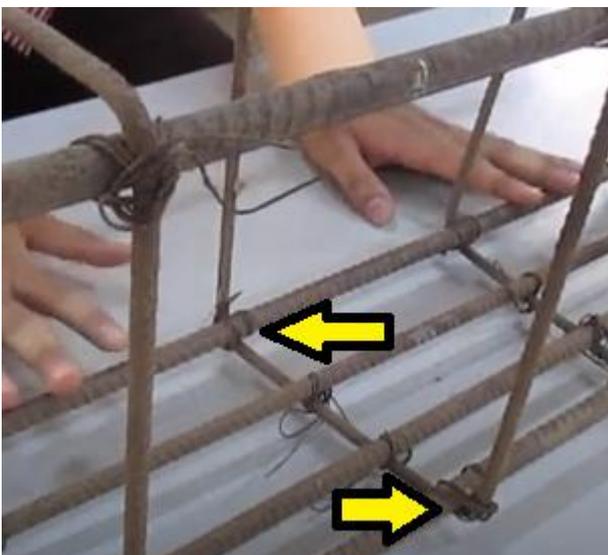


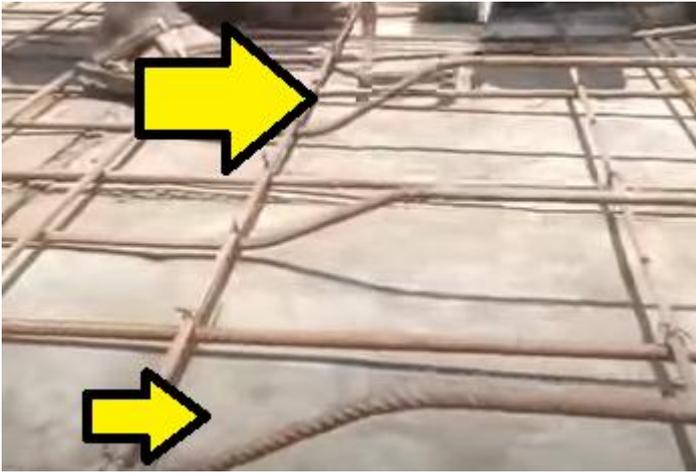
Length of hooks varies from = $10d$ to $16d$, where d = diameter

Length of main bar = $L + 12d + 12d - \text{length of bends}$

(Taking hook length = $12d$)

On-Site





4) Cutting length for Rectangular Stirrups or Ties:-

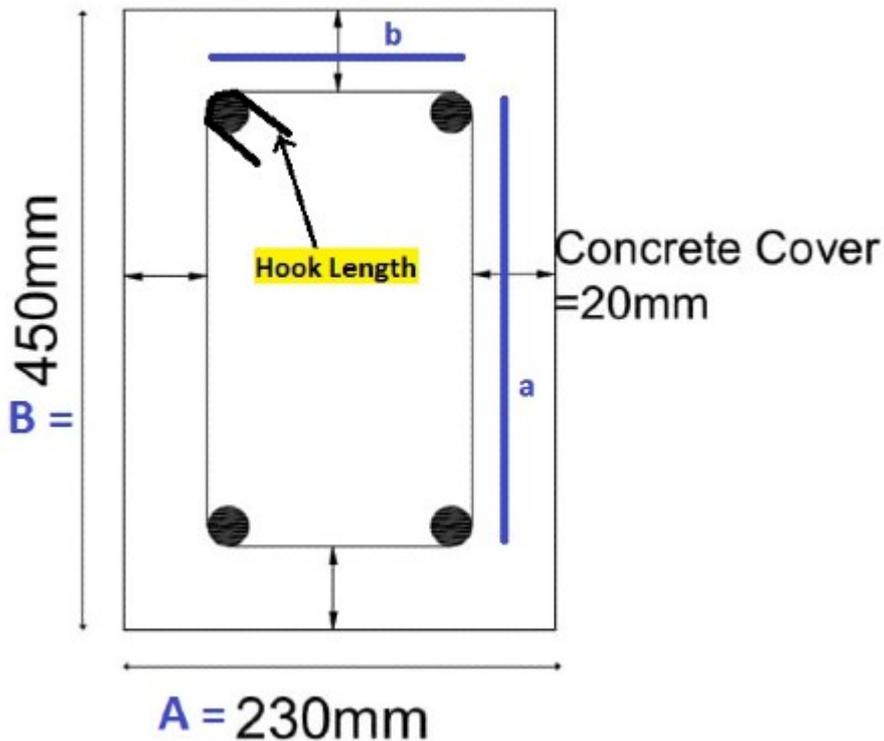
On-Site



Rectangular column or rectangular beams are generally used in construction. So, we need to calculate mostly the cutting length of rectangular stirrups.

Numerical Example,

Find the cutting length of the rectangular tie having diameter 8 mm and column having size 230mm x 450mm and clear cover 40 mm.



Given,

Diameter of ties/stirrups = 8 mm

Clear Cover = 40 mm

Dimension of column = 450 mm x 230 mm

Formula,

(L) = Total Cutting length of Rectangular Stirrup = Perimeter of Rectangular Stirrup + Total Hook length – Total Bend Length

Step: -1

Perimeter of Rectangular stirrups (P) = $2a + 2b$

Where, $a = A - \text{Clear Cover} - \text{Clear Cover} = 230 - 20 - 20 = 190$ mm

$b = B - \text{Clear Cover} - \text{Clear Cover} = 450 - 20 - 20 = 410$ mm

Therefore,

$$(P) = 2a + 2b$$

$$(P) = 2 \times 190 + 2 \times 410 = 1200 \text{ mm}$$

Step:- 2

Total Hook length = $9d + 9d = 18d = 18 \times 8 = 144 \text{ mm}$ (Because there is two hooks and length of one hook is $9d$, where d is diameter of stirrups.)

Step:-3

Total Bend Length = $(3 \times 90^\circ \text{ Bend length} + 2 \times 135^\circ \text{ Bend length})$

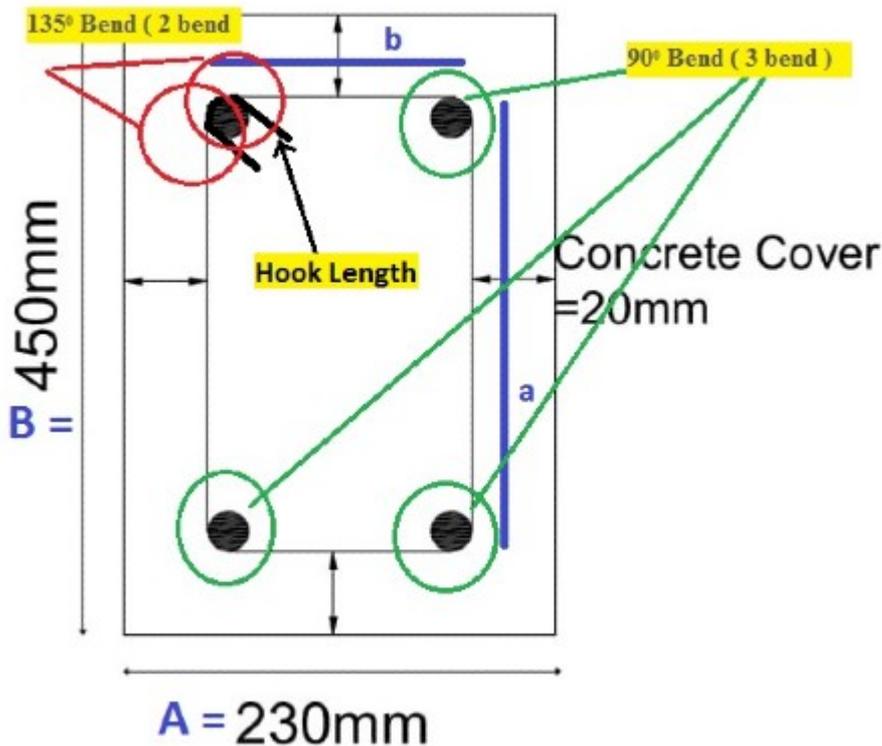
$$= 3 \times 2d + 2 \times 3d$$

$$= 12d$$

$$= 12 \times 8$$

$$= 96\text{mm}$$

(Because there are three bends of 90° and two bends of 135°)



Step: -4

Hence Put all the value in above formula we get,

(L) = Total Cutting length of Rectangular Stirrup = Perimeter of Rectangular Stirrup + Total Hook length – Total Bend Length

$$(L) = 1200 \text{ mm} + 144 \text{ mm} - 96\text{mm}$$

$$(L) = 1448 \text{ mm}$$

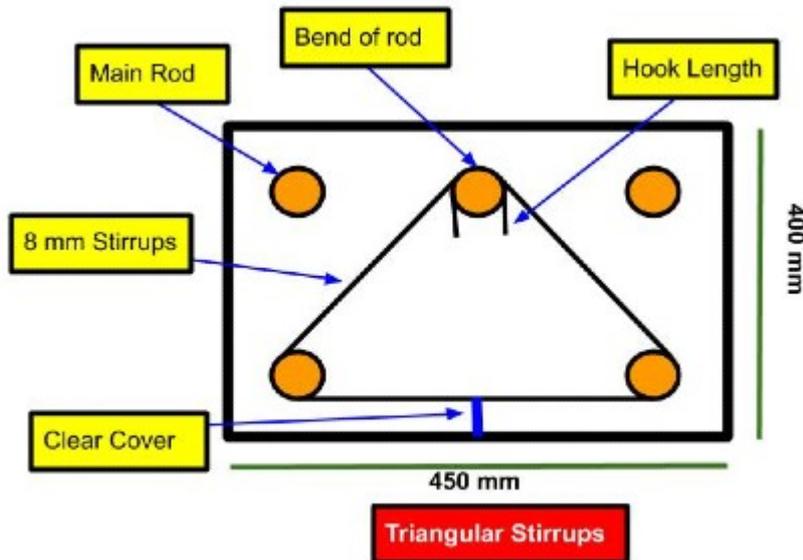
Hence the total cutting length of rectangular stirrups or ties is 14.48 cm or 0.1448 meter.

5) Cutting length of triangular stirrups:

Formula,

Total Cutting length of Triangular Stirrup = Perimeter of Triangle + Total Hook length – Total Bend Length

Q) Find the cutting length of triangular stirrups having diameter 8 mm and dimension of column (400 x 450) mm with clear cover 25 mm.

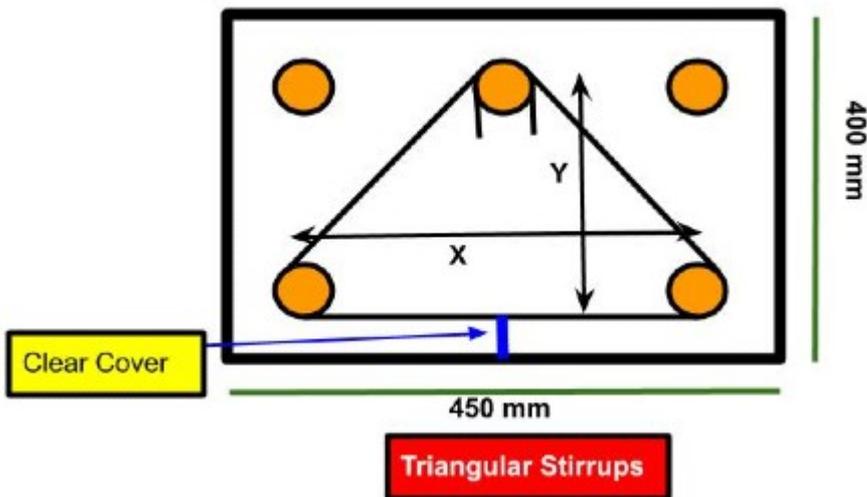


Given,

Dimension of Column = 450mm x 400mm

Diameter of stirrups = 8 mm

Clear Cover = 25 mm



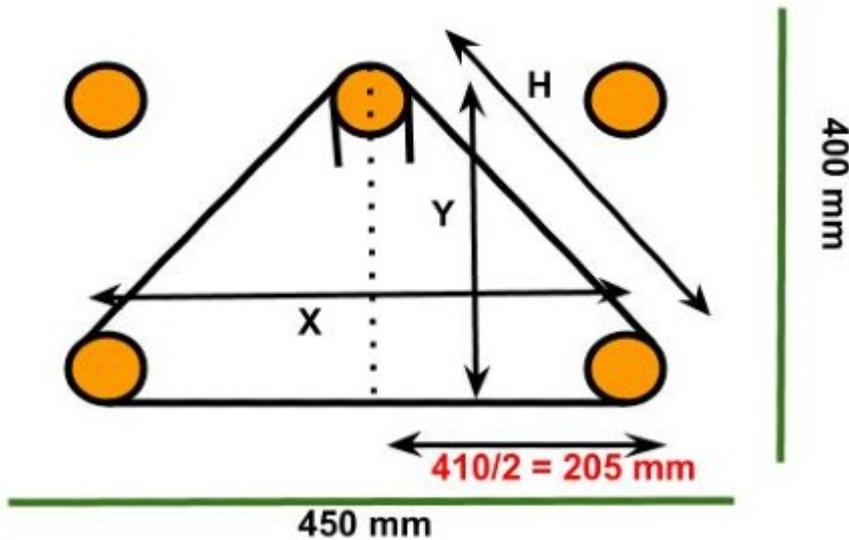
Now,

$$X = 450 - 20 - 20 = 410 \text{ mm}$$

$$Y = 400 - 20 - 20 = 360 \text{ mm}$$

From Pythagorean theorem,

$$\text{Hypotenuse}^2 = (\text{Opposite})^2 + (\text{Adjacent})^2$$



$$\text{i.e. } H^2 = (x/2)^2 + y^2$$

$$H^2 = 205^2 + 360^2$$

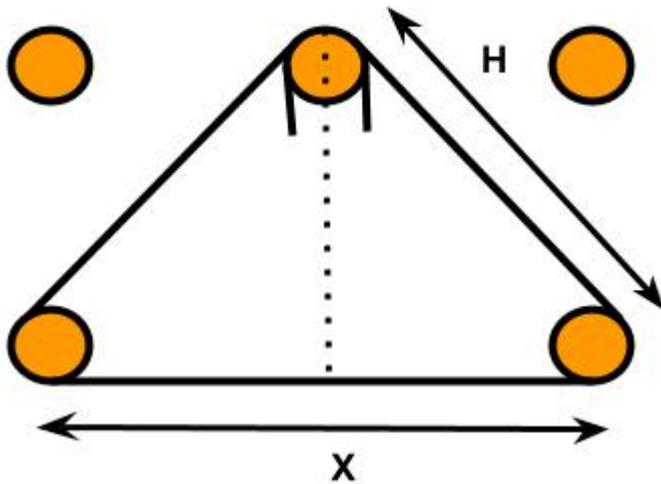
$$H^2 = 205^2 + 360^2$$

$$H = 414.27 \text{ mm}$$

Formula,

Total Cutting length of Triangular Stirrup = Perimeter of Triangle + Total Hook length – Total Bend Length

Step:- 1



Perimeter of Triangular stirrups = $H + H + X = 414.27 \text{ mm} + 414.27 \text{ mm} + 410 \text{ mm}$

$$P = 1238.54 \text{ mm}$$

Step: - 2

Total Length of the hooks: $9d + 9d = 18d = 18 \times 8 = 144 \text{ mm}$

Since, there are two hooks of $9d$.

Step:-3

Total length of Bends = $4 \times 3d = 12d = 12 \times 8 = 96 \text{ mm}$

Since, there are 4 bends which are bent at an angle of 135°

Step: - 4

Use formula,

Total Cutting length of Triangular Stirrup (L) = Perimeter of Triangle + Total Hook length - Total Bend Length

$$(L) = 1238.54 \text{ mm} + 144 \text{ mm} - 96 \text{ mm}$$

$$(L) = 1286.54 \text{ mm}$$

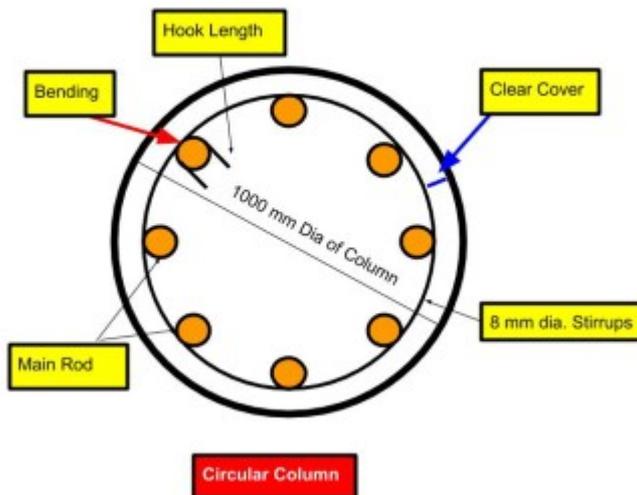
Hence the total cutting length of rectangular stirrups = $1286.54 \text{ mm} = 128.65 \text{ cm}$ or 1.286 meter .

On-Site



6) Cutting Length for Circular Stirrup:

Find the cutting length of circular stirrups having diameter 8 mm and dimension of column is 1000 mm with clear cover 25 mm.



Given,

Diameter of Column = 1000 mm

Diameter of stirrups (d) = 8 mm

Clear Cover (C/C) = 25 mm

Formula,

Total Cutting length of Circular Stirrup or Ring (L) =
Circumference of Circular Stirrup + Total Hook length – Total
Bend Length

Step:-1

Circumference of Circular Stirrup = πD

But,

D is the diameter of the stirrups ring not the column.

To calculate the diameter of circular stirrups we have to
subtract the clear cover from the diameter of the column.

So, $D = \text{Diameter of column} - \text{clear cover of left side} - \text{clear}$
 $\text{cover of right side.}$

i.e $D = 1000 - 25 - 25 = 950 \text{ mm}$

Now,

Circumference of Circular Stirrup = πD

3.14×950

=

2983 mm

=

Step:-2

Total Length of the hook = $9d+9d= 18d = 18 \times 8 = 144 \text{ mm}$

Where d is diameter of stirrups.

Since, There are two hooks and length of one hooks is 9d.

Step:- 3

Total Length of Bends: $= 2 \times 3d = 6d = 6 \times 8 = 48\text{mm}$

Since, There are 2 bends which are bent at an angle of 135°

Length of one bends at 135° is $3d$.

Step:- 4

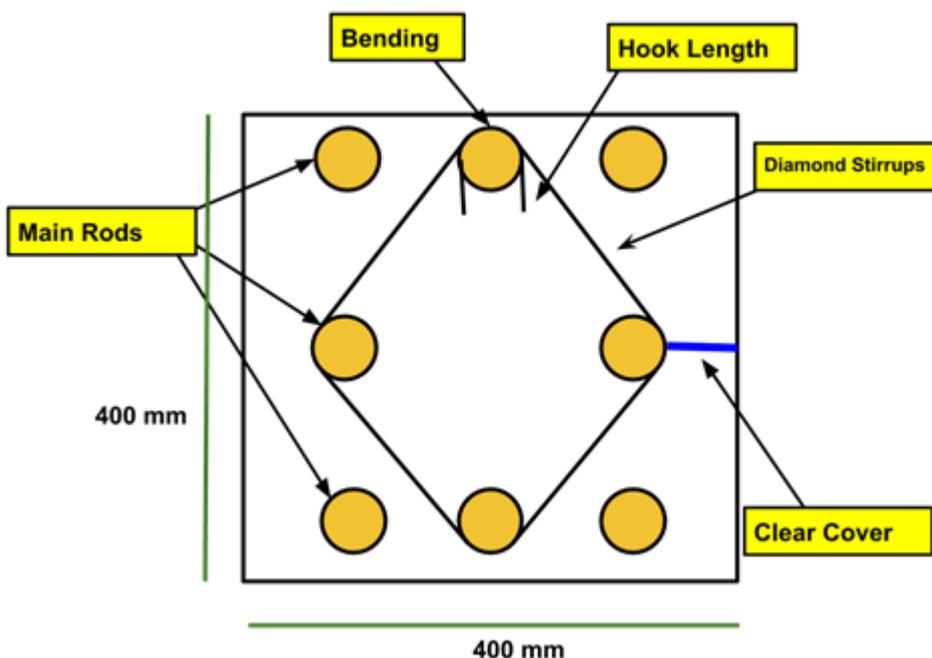
Use the formula,

Total Cutting length of Circular Stirrup or Ring (L) =
Circumference of Circular Stirrup + Total Hook length – Total
Bend Length

$$(L) = 2983 \text{ mm} + 144 \text{ mm} - 48\text{mm}$$
$$= 3079 \text{ mm Or, } 307.9 \text{ cm or } 3.079 \text{ meter}$$

7) Cutting length of diamond stirrups:

Q) Find the cutting length of diamond stirrups having diameter 8 mm and dimension of column 400mm x 400mm with clear cover 20 mm.



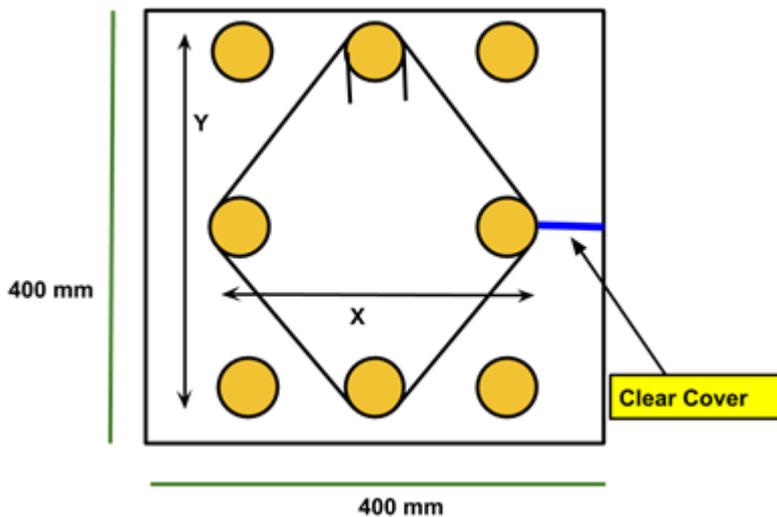
Given,

The dimension of Column = 400mm x 400mm

The diameter of diamond stirrups = 8 mm

Clear cover = 20 mm

Now,



$$X = 400 - \text{Clear Cover} - \text{Clear cover} = 400 - 20 - 20 = 360\text{mm}$$

$$Y = 400 - \text{Clear Cover} - \text{Clear cover} = 400 - 20 - 20 = 360\text{mm}$$

From Pythagorean theorem,

$$\text{Hypotenuse}^2 = (\text{Opposite})^2 + (\text{Adjacent})^2$$

$$H^2 = (x/2)^2 + (y/2)^2$$

$$H^2 = (360/2)^2 + (360/2)^2$$

$$H^2 = (180)^2 + (180)^2$$

$$H = 254.5 \text{ mm}$$

From Pythagorean theorem,

$$\text{Hypotenuse}^2 = (\text{Opposite})^2 + (\text{Adjacent})^2$$

$$H^2 = (x/2)^2 + (y/2)^2$$

$$H^2 = (360/2)^2 + (360/2)^2$$

$$H^2 = (180)^2 + (180)^2$$

$$H = 254.5 \text{ mm}$$

Now,

Formula,

Total Cutting length of Diamond Stirrup = Perimeter of Diamond shape + Total Hook length – Total Bend Length

Step:- 1

Perimeter of Diamond shape = $4 \times H = 4 \times 254.5 = 1016 \text{ mm}$

Step:- 2

Total Hook length = $9d + 9d = 18d = 18 \times 8 = 144 \text{ mm}$

Since, There are two hooks of length $9d$.

Step :-3

Total Bend Length = $3 \times 90^\circ \text{ Bend length} + 2 \times 135^\circ \text{ Bend length} = 3 \times 2d + 2 \times 3d = 12d = 12 \times 8 = 96\text{mm}$

Since, There are 3 bends which are bent at an angle of 90° and 2 bends which are bent at an angle of 135°

Step:-4

Use Formula,

Total Cutting length of Diamond Stirrup(L) = Perimeter of Diamond shape + Total Hook length – Total Bend Length

$(L) = 1016 \text{ mm} + 144 \text{ mm} + 96\text{mm}$

$(L) = 1256 \text{ mm}$

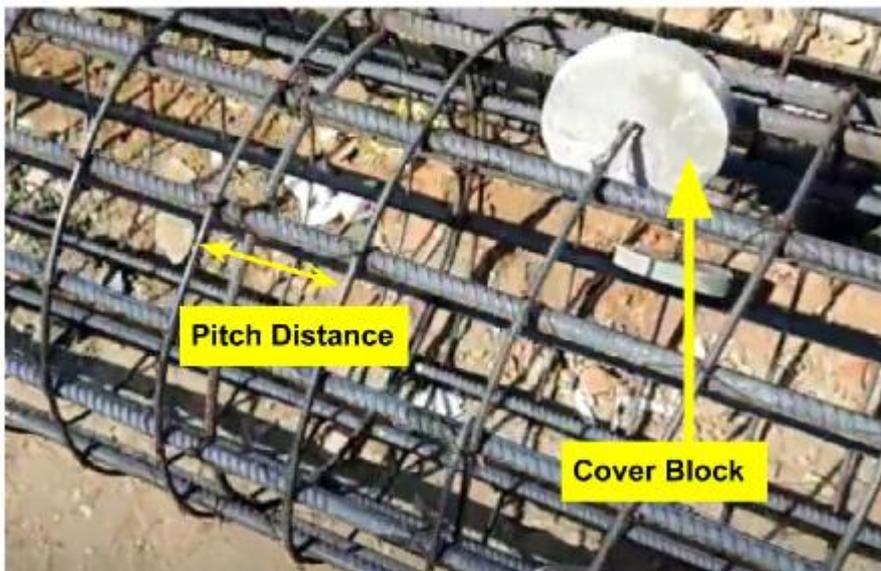
Hence, Total cutting length of diamond stirrups is $1256 \text{ mm} = 125.6 \text{ cm}$ or 1.256 meter .

On-Site



8) Cutting length of spiral or helix stirrups:

Q) Calculate the total length of spirals having diameter of spiral bars 8mm and length of the pile 20 m, Pitch or spacing for the spiral bar is 200mm and diameter of the pile is 1m; assume clear cover is 50mm for pile?



Given,

Diameter of pile = 1 meter = 1000mm

Pitch or spacing of spiral bar = 200mm

Length of pile = 20m

Diameter of spiral bar = 8 mm

Clear cover = 50mm

We have,

Diameter of Spiral ring = Diameter of pile – Clear cover –
Clear cover = 1000 – 50 – 50 = 900 mm

Formula,

Total Cutting length of spiral bar = Length of the spiral bar
+ Total length of laps

Step:- 1

Calculate Total length of the spiral bar = no of Spirals x
Length of one spiral ring

But,

But,

$$\text{No. of Spiral} = \frac{\text{Length of Piles}}{\text{spacing of pitch}} + 1$$

$$= \frac{20000}{200} + 1$$

$$= 100 + 1$$

$$= 101 \text{ nos}$$

Also,

Length of one spiral ring = $3.41 \times 900 \text{ mm} = 3069 \text{ mm}$ (Where
D is Diameter of Spiral.)

Now, Using formula,

Total length of the spiral bar (L) = N.o of Spirals x

Length of one spiral ring

$$\begin{aligned} &= 101 \times \\ 3069 & \\ &= 309969 \\ \text{mm} & \end{aligned}$$

Step:-2

Total length of laps = Numbers of laps required x Length of one Lap

Here,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Numbers of laps required} &= \text{Total length of spirals} \times \\ &= 309969 \text{ mm} \times = 25.8 \\ &= 25.8 \text{ say } 26 \text{ nos.} \end{aligned}$$

Also,

$$\text{Length of one Lap} = 50 D = 50 \times 8 = 400 \text{ mm (Assume)}$$

Now,

Total length of laps = Numbers of laps required x Length of one Lap

$$\text{Total length of laps} = 26 \times 400 = 10400 \text{ mm}$$

Hence,

Using Formula,

Total Cutting length of spiral bar (Lc) = Length of the spiral bar + Total length of laps

$$(Lc) = 309969 \text{ mm} + 10400 \text{ mm}$$

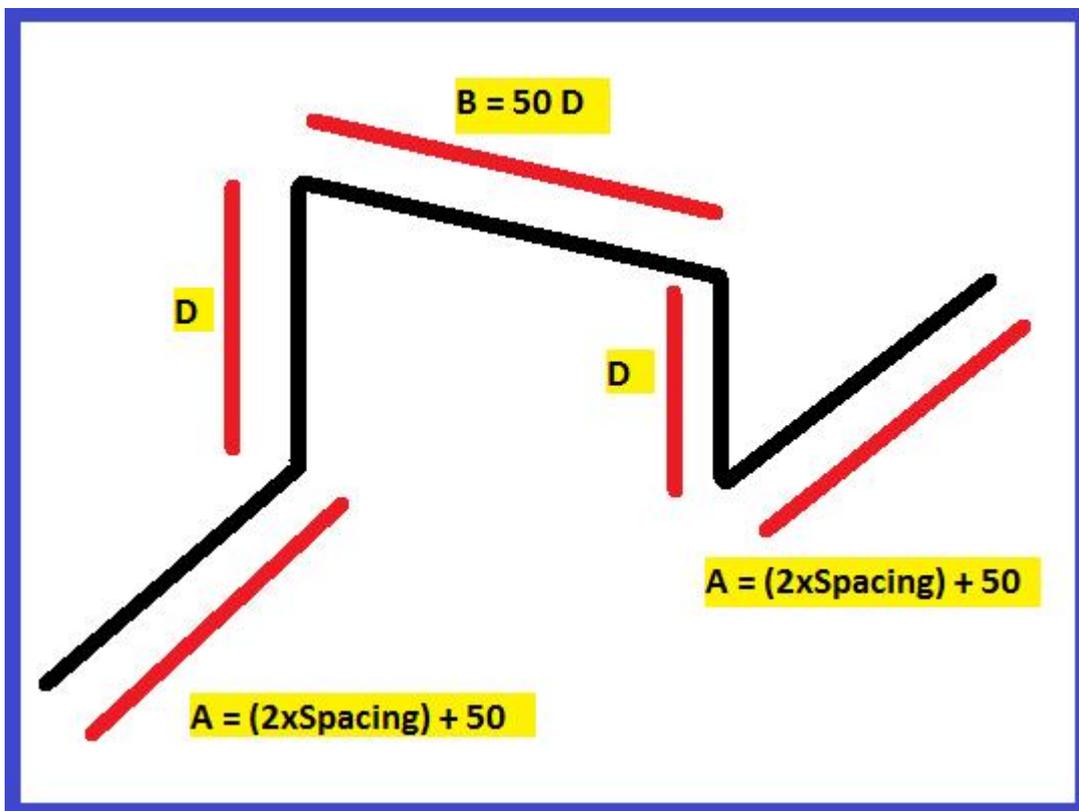
$$(Lc) = 320369 \text{ mm}$$

Hence, the total cutting length of Spiral stirrups is 320369 mm = 32036.9 cm or 320.369 meter.

On-Site



9) Cutting length of chair bar



Cutting length of chair bar = $2A + 2D + B - (4 \times 90 \text{ Bend Length})$

Where, $A = (2 \times \text{spacing}) + 50$, and $B = 50d$

$D = \text{Footing height} - [(\text{Upper} + \text{Lower CC}) + (\text{Upper side main \& dist bar dia} + \text{Lower side main bar dia})]$

On-Site



Hence in this way we can calculate cutting length of steel in bar bending schedule.

I hope this article on “how to calculate cutting length in bar bending schedule” remains helpful for you.

Happy Learning – Civil Concept

Contributed by,

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Read Also,

[Complete Bar Bending Schedule for Different Structure \(Free e-Book\)](#)

[Calculate weight of steel bar | Quantity of steel bar in circular slab](#)

[Size of steel bars used for Construction – Civil Concept](#)

Step by Step- RCC roof Slab steel calculation- Numerical Example